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Attorneys for Plaintiff CALIFORNIA
SPORTFISHING PROTECTION ALLIANCE

**UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA**

CALIFORNIA SPORTFISHING
PROTECTION ALLIANCE, a non profit
corporation,

Plaintiff,
vs.

BIG CREEK LUMBER COMPANY, a
California corporation; MICHAEL
TUTTLE, an individual,

Defendants.

Case No. 3:12-CV-03122-RS

**STIPULATION TO DISMISS
PLAINTIFF'S CLAIMS WITH
PREJUDICE; [PROPOSED] ORDER
GRANTING DISMISSAL WITH
PREJUDICE [FRCP 41(a)(2)]**

TO THE COURT:

Plaintiff California Sportfishing Protection Alliance ("PLAINTIFF" or "CSPA"), and
Defendants Big Creek Lumber Company and Michael Tuttle (collectively, "DEFENDANTS"),
Parties in the above-referenced matter, stipulate as follows:

WHEREAS, on or about April 18, 2012, CSPA provided DEFENDANTS with a Notice
of Violations and Intent to File Suit ("60-Day Notice Letter") under Section 505 of the Federal
Water Pollution Control Act ("Act" or "Clean Water Act"), 33 U.S.C. § 1365;

WHEREAS, on June 18, 2012, CSPA filed its Complaint against DEFENDANTS in this
Court, *California Sportfishing Protection Alliance v. Big Creek Lumber Company, et al.* (USDC,
N.D. Cal., Case No. 3:12-CV-03122-RS) and said Complaint incorporated by reference all of the

1 allegations contained in CSPA's 60-Day Notice Letter;

2 **WHEREAS**, CSPA and DEFENDANTS, through their authorized representatives and
3 without either adjudication of CSPA's claims or admission by DEFENDANTS of any alleged
4 violation or other wrongdoing, have chosen to resolve in full by way of settlement the allegations
5 of CSPA as set forth in CSPA's 60-Day Notice Letter and Complaint, thereby avoiding the costs
6 and uncertainties of further litigation. A copy of the Parties' proposed Consent Agreement
7 ("Consent Agreement") entered into by and between CSPA and DEFENDANTS is attached
8 hereto as Exhibit A and incorporated by reference.

9 **WHEREAS**, CSPA submitted the Consent Agreement via certified mail, return receipt
10 requested, to the U.S. EPA and the U.S. Department of Justice ("the agencies") and the 45-day
11 review period set forth at 40 C.F.R. § 135.5 has been completed without objection by the
12 agencies.

13 **NOW THEREFORE, IT IS HEREBY STIPULATED** and agreed to by and between
14 the Parties that CSPA's claims, as set forth in its 60-Day Notice Letter and Complaint, be
15 dismissed with prejudice pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 41(a)(2). The Parties
16 respectfully request an order from this Court dismissing such claims with prejudice. In
17 accordance with Paragraph 8 of the Consent Agreement, the Parties also request that this Court
18 enter the Consent Agreement and retain and have jurisdiction over the Parties through September
19 30, 2014, for the sole purpose of resolving any disputes between the parties with respect to
20 enforcement of any provision of the Consent Agreement.

1 Dated: 11/1/2012

LAW OFFICES OF ANDREW L. PACKARD

2
3 By: /s/ Emily J. Brand

4 Emily J. Brand

5 Attorneys for Plaintiff

6 CALIFORNIA SPORTFISHING PROTECTION
ALLIANCE

7 Dated: 11/1/2012

DOWNEY BRAND, LLP

8 By: /s/ Nicole E. Granquist

9 (As authorized on November 1, 2012 – L.R. 131)

10 Nicole E. Granquist

11 Attorneys for Defendants

BIG CREEK LUMBER COMPANY, *et al.*

[PROPOSED] ORDER

Good cause appearing, and the Parties having stipulated and agreed,

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that Plaintiff California Sportfishing Protection Alliance's claims against Defendants BIG CREEK LUMBER COMPANY and MICHAEL TUTTLE as set forth in CSPA's 60-Day Notice Letter and Complaint filed in Case No. 3:12-CV-03122-RS, are hereby dismissed with prejudice, each side to bear their own attorney fees and costs, except as provided for by the terms of the accompanying Settlement Agreement.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that the Court shall retain and have jurisdiction over the Parties with respect to disputes arising under the Consent Agreement attached to the Parties' Stipulation to Dismiss as Exhibit A.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE
NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

Dated: 11/5/12


United States District Court Judge

EXHIBIT A

ANDREW L. PACKARD (State Bar No. 168690)
ERIK M. ROPER (State Bar No. 259756)
EMILY J. BRAND (State Bar No. 267564)
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Attorneys for Plaintiff
CALIFORNIA SPORTFISHING
PROTECTION ALLIANCE

**UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA**

CALIFORNIA SPORTFISHING
PROTECTION ALLIANCE, a non-profit
corporation,

Plaintiff,

vs.

BIG CREEK LUMBER COMPANY, a
California corporation; and, MICHAEL
TUTTLE, an individual,

Defendants.

Case No. 2:12-cv-03122-RS

[PROPOSED] CONSENT AGREEMENT

(Federal Water Pollution Control Act,
33 U.S.C. §§ 1251 to 1387)

WHEREAS, Plaintiff California Sportfishing Protection Alliance (hereinafter “CSPA” or “Plaintiff”) is a non-profit public benefit corporation dedicated to the preservation, protection, and defense of the environment, wildlife, and natural resources of California’s waters;

WHEREAS, Defendant Big Creek Lumber Company (“Big Creek”) owns and operates an approximately 30-acre sawmill and planing mill facility located at 3564 Highway 1 outside Davenport, California (the “Facility”), and Defendant Michael Tuttle (“Tuttle”) is the Environmental Manager of the Facility and in this capacity he implements the environmental operations and maintenance of the Facility;

1 **WHEREAS**, Defendants Big Creek and Tuttle are collectively referred to as “Defendants”;

2 **WHEREAS**, CSPA and Defendants collectively shall be referred to as the “Parties;”

3 **WHEREAS**, the Facility collects and discharges storm water into Arroyo Las Trancas Stream
4 and an unnamed creek, which flow near the Facility into the Pacific Ocean (a map of the Facility is
5 attached hereto as **Exhibit A** and incorporated herein by reference);

6 **WHEREAS**, storm water discharges associated with industrial activity are regulated pursuant
7 to the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (“NPDES”), General Permit No. CAS000001
8 [State Water Resources Control Board], Water Quality Order No. 91-13-DWQ (as amended by Water
9 Quality Order 92-12 DWQ and 97-03-DWQ), issued pursuant to Section 402 of the Clean Water Act,
10 33 U.S.C. § 1342 (hereinafter “General Permit”);

11 **WHEREAS**, on or about April 18, 2012, Plaintiff provided notice of Defendants’ violations of
12 the Act, and of its intention to file suit against Defendants (“Notice Letter”), to the Administrator of
13 the United States Environmental Protection Agency (“EPA”); the Administrator of EPA Region IX;
14 the Executive Director of the State Water Resources Control Board (“State Board”); the Executive
15 Officer of the Regional Water Quality Control Board, Central Coast Region (“Regional Board”); and
16 to Defendants, as required by the Act, 33 U.S.C. § 1365(b)(1)(A) (a true and correct copy of CSPA’s
17 Notice Letter is attached hereto as **Exhibit B** and incorporated herein by reference);

18 **WHEREAS**, Defendants deny the occurrence of the violations alleged in the Notice Letter and
19 maintain that they have complied at all times with the provisions of the General Permit;

20 **WHEREAS**, CSPA filed a complaint (“Complaint”) against Defendants in the United States
21 District Court, Northern District (“District Court”) of California, on June 18, 2012;

22 **WHEREAS**, for purposes of this Consent Agreement, the Parties stipulate that venue is proper
23 in this Court, and that Defendants do not contest the exercise of jurisdiction by this District Court to
24 enter this Consent Agreement;

25 **WHEREAS**, this Consent Agreement shall be submitted to the United States Department of
26 Justice for the 45-day statutory review period, pursuant to 33 U.S.C. § 1365(c) and 40 C.F.R. §135.5,
27 which shall be referred to herein as the “Agency Review Period”; and shall thereafter be submitted for
28

1 approval by the District Court;

2 **WHEREAS**, at the time the Consent Agreement is submitted for approval to the District
3 Court, CSPA shall request a dismissal of the Complaint with prejudice and the Parties shall stipulate
4 and request that the Court retain jurisdiction for the enforcement of this Consent Agreement as
5 provided herein;

6 **WHEREAS**, the date of the District Court's Order granting dismissal of CSPA's Complaint
7 with prejudice and retaining jurisdiction for the enforcement of this Consent Agreement shall be
8 referred to herein as the "Court Approval Date." This date is also the "Effective Date" of this Consent
9 Agreement;

10 **AND WHEREAS**, the Parties agree that it is in their mutual interest to resolve this matter
11 without further litigation.

12 **NOW THEREFORE IT IS HEREBY STIPULATED BETWEEN THE SETTTLING**
13 **PARTIES, AND ORDERED AND DECREED BY THE COURT, AS FOLLOWS:**

14 **I. BIG CREEK COMMITMENTS**

15 **1. Compliance With General Permit & Clean Water Act.** Upon the Effective Date, and
16 throughout the term of this Consent Agreement, Big Creek shall operate the Facility in compliance
17 with the applicable requirements of the General Permit and the Clean Water Act, subject to any
18 defenses available under the law, and recognizing the actions described below.

19 **2. Big Creek's Implementation of Specific Storm Water Best Management Practices**
20 **On Or Before October 1, 2012.** On or before October 1, 2012, Big Creek shall complete the
21 implementation of the following storm water control best management practices ("BMPs"):

22 (a) At the South discharge point, Big Creek shall modify the existing settling basin
23 as follows: (i) remove current built-up sediment; (ii) widen the basin as permitted by existing
24 site geometry; (iii) re-grade the basin to provide for tiered flows; and (iv) install additional
25 filtration devices within and/or at the inlet of the basin (baffle screens, filter cloth, silt fencing,
26 and/or vegetation, as appropriate). The settling basin will be designed to handle storm water
27 flows for a 1-hour, 2-year storm event at the Facility. An annual maintenance program will
28

1 also be implemented to ensure that the infrastructure is properly maintained.

2 (b) At the North discharge point, Big Creek shall engineer and install a vegetated
3 bioswale that will handle storm water flows for a 1-hour, 2-year storm event at the Facility and
4 conduct an annual maintenance program to ensure the infrastructure is properly maintained. A
5 gravel filter berm will be installed just upstream of the bioswale to slow the discharge flow and
6 provide additional filtration.

7 (c) At the West discharge point, if the storm water discharge samples from the
8 West location contain pollutants with values in excess of EPA benchmarks during the 2012-
9 2013 Wet Season, Big Creek shall evaluate additional BMPs appropriate for the pollutant(s)
10 and values detected. This evaluation will be described in the Action Memorandum due July 1,
11 2013 and BMPs will be installed by the start of the 2013-2014 Wet Season.

12 (d) Big Creek shall create, use, and maintain a visual inspection checklist for use
13 during visual inspections of storm water and non-storm water discharges from the Facility;

14 (e) Big Creek shall regularly monitor and maintain BMPs and drop inlets, and the
15 storm water drainage system, in order to identify and remove settled contaminants from storm
16 water drains and conveyances therein; document such maintenance; and maintain records
17 thereof with the SWPPP for the Facility as required by the terms of the General Permit.
18 Further, Big Creek shall ensure that appropriate personnel are properly trained in storm water
19 management and that records of any such storm water management training of Facility
20 personnel shall also be maintained along with the SWPPP for Facility;

21 (f) Big Creek shall install a rainfall recording device at the Facility and maintain
22 documentation along with the Facility SWPPP of the daily rainfall occurring at the Facility
23 during the 2012-2013 and the 2013-2014 Wet Seasons. In addition to the rainfall data gathered
24 from the rainfall recording device described herein, Big Creek may elect to also maintain
25 documentation of precipitation data recorded off-site at other nearby, reliable and objectively
26 verifiable rainfall gauges (*e.g.*, as found on a website maintained by a government agency);

27 (g) Big Creek shall employ a vacuum-type sweeper to sweep all paved exterior
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1 ground surfaces at the Facility by October 15, 2012 and October 12, 2013. If no storms that
2 produce more than 0.5 inches of rain have occurred before December 1, 2012 or December 1,
3 2013, Big Creek shall employ a vacuum-type sweeper to sweep all paved exterior ground
4 surfaces at the Facility before December 10, 2012 and/or December 10, 2013. Big Creek shall
5 hand or vacuum sweep to remove debris on paved exterior surfaces within thirty (30) feet of a
6 storm water inlet, culvert, or other structures designed to convey storm water from the paved
7 exterior surface twice a week during the wet season and monthly during the dry season. Big
8 Creek shall retain documentation of their use of a vacuum-type sweeper, maintain such
9 documentation at the Facility along with the Facility SWPPP, and shall provide documentation
10 of the initial use of the vacuum-type sweeper by October 15 or December 10 of each year
11 (2012 and 2013) to CSPA within seven (7) calendar days of Big Creek's use of a vacuum-type
12 sweeper.

13 **3. SWPPP Amendments/Additional BMPs.** By October 1, 2012, Big Creek shall
14 formally amend the Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan ("SWPPP") for the Facility to incorporate
15 all of the relevant requirements of this Consent Agreement, as well as the revised Facility map.
16 Consistent with the General Permit, the SWPPP shall be amended to, among other things, describe the
17 potential sources of contaminants at the Facility, describe and provide for the implementation of a
18 scheduled storm water management training program for relevant Facility personnel, describe and
19 provide for the proper implementation of an effective storm water monitoring and reporting program
20 at the Facility, and to revise the SWPPP map. Revisions to the SWPPP map shall identify, among
21 other things, the location of all storm water drop inlets, the direction of storm water flows, and the
22 location of structural BMPs implemented at the Facility.

23 **4. Sampling Discharge Points.** Big Creek shall collect samples during qualifying storm
24 events from the three current discharge points (North, South, West) as well as an additional sampling
25 point at the point of discharge in the eastern area of the Facility (East). If the storm water discharge
26 samples from the East location contain pollutants with values in excess of EPA benchmarks during the
27 2012-2013 Wet Season, Big Creek shall evaluate additional BMPs appropriate for the pollutant(s) and
28

1 values detected. This evaluation will be described in the "Action Memorandum" due July 1, 2013 and
2 BMPs will be installed by the start of the 2013-2014 Wet Season.

3 **5. Sampling Frequency.** Big Creek shall collect and analyze samples from four (4) storm
4 events, as qualified in the General Permit¹ for sampling purposes, if possible, in each of the two Wet
5 Seasons occurring during the term of this Consent Agreement (2012-2013 and 2013-2014). The storm
6 water sample results shall be compared with the values set forth in **Exhibit C**, attached hereto, and
7 incorporated herein by reference. If the results of any such samples exceed the parameter values set
8 forth in **Exhibit C**, Big Creek shall comply with the "Action Memorandum" requirements set forth
9 below.

10 **6. Sampling Parameters.** All samples shall be analyzed for each of the constituents listed
11 in **Exhibit C** by a laboratory accredited by the State of California. All samples collected from the
12 Facility shall be delivered to the laboratory as soon as practicable to ensure that sample "hold time" is
13 not exceeded. Analytical methods used by the laboratory shall be adequate to detect the individual
14 constituents at or below the values specified on **Exhibit C**. Sampling results shall be provided to
15 CSPA within ten (10) calendar days of Big Creek's receipt of the laboratory report from each
16 sampling event pursuant to the Notice provisions below.

17 **7. Sampling for parameters pH and Electrical Conductivity.** Big Creek shall conduct
18 pH and electrical conductivity sampling in the field at the point and time of sample collection, and will
19 have laboratory samples analyzed for both constituents, as well. Further, Big Creek shall collect at
20 least one sample of pH and Electrical Conductivity from storm water in the undeveloped hillside area
21 directly upstream of the Facility during the 2012-2013 Wet Season, to use as a comparative tool and
22 establish background conditions. If the results of pH and Electrical Conductivity sampling during the
23 2012-2013 Wet Season demonstrate that the Facility is generating low pH storm water, that is not
24 representative of localized conditions, then Big Creek will evaluate additional treatment and/or

25 _____
26 ¹ "Qualifying Storm Events" under the General Permit are those events in which (i) the samples taken are
27 preceded by at least three (3) working days during which no storm water discharges from the Facility have
28 occurred; (ii) the samples are collected within the first hour that flow is observed at the Discharge Point being
sampled; and (iii) the samples are collected during daylight operating hours.

1 operational BMPs to address the low pH.

2 **8. “Action Memorandum” Trigger; CSPA’s Review Of “Action Memorandum”;**
3 **Meet-and-Confer.** If any sample taken during the two (2) Wet Seasons referenced in Paragraph 4
4 above exceeds the benchmark levels set forth in **Exhibit C**, or if Big Creek fails to collect and analyze
5 samples from four (4) storm events, as qualified in the General Permit, or if Big Creek fails to timely
6 comply with any of obligation set forth in this Consent Agreement, Big Creek shall prepare a written
7 statement discussing the exceedance(s), the failure or inability to collect and analyze samples from
8 four (4) qualifying storm events (*e.g.*, due to the weather patterns), and/or the failure to timely comply
9 with any obligation set forth in this Consent Agreement (“Action Memorandum”). In the event that
10 Big Creek’s sampling evidences exceedances of any of the benchmark levels set forth in **Exhibit C**,
11 the Action Memorandum shall discuss the possible cause(s) and/or source(s) of the exceedance(s), and
12 what additional measures Big Creek will take to reduce or eliminate future exceedances. In the event
13 that Big Creek is unable or fail to collect and analyze samples from four (4) qualifying storm events,
14 the Action Memorandum shall discuss the possible cause(s) and additional measures that will be taken
15 by Big Creek to ensure that Big Creek collects and analyzes samples from four (4) storm events the
16 following Wet Season (qualifying or non-qualifying), if possible. In the event that Big Creek fails to
17 timely comply with any other obligation set forth in this Consent Agreement, the Action
18 Memorandum shall discuss the possible reason(s) for this failure, and what actions Big Creek has
19 taken and/or will take in the future to remedy the failure to timely comply with any obligation set forth
20 herein. The Action Memorandum shall be provided to CSPA not later than July 1 following the
21 conclusion of each Wet Season occurring during the term of this Consent Agreement. Plaintiff and
22 Big Creek agree that preparation and implementation of an Action Memorandum by Big Creek shall
23 not give rise to any presumption that Big Creek has failed to comply with any obligations under the
24 General Permit or the Clean Water Act pursuant to Paragraph 1 above. Recognizing that a SWPPP is
25 an ongoing iterative process meant to encourage innovative BMPs, such additional measures may
26 include, but are not limited to, making material improvements to the storm water collection and
27 discharge system, changing the frequency or quality of Facility sweeping, changing the type and

1 extent of storm water filtration media or modifying other industrial activities or management practices
2 at the Facility. Within thirty (30) days of receipt of an Action Memorandum, CSPA may provide
3 comment on an Action Memorandum and suggest any alternative pollution prevention measures it
4 believes are appropriate. Upon request by CSPA, Big Creek agrees to meet and confer in good faith
5 regarding the contents and sufficiency of the Action Memorandum. Additional measures identified by
6 Big Creek in an Action Memorandum, to the extent feasible, shall be implemented within ninety (90)
7 days after the due date of the Action Memorandum, or the conclusion of the meet and confer process,
8 unless a longer timeframe is agreed to by Plaintiff and Big Creek, and for which agreement by
9 Plaintiff is not unreasonably withheld. Within thirty (30) days of implementation, the Facility SWPPP
10 shall be amended to include all additional BMP measures designated in the Action Memorandum.

11 **9. Inspections During The Term Of This Agreement.** In addition to any mutually
12 agreed upon site inspections conducted as part of the meet-and-confer process concerning an Action
13 Memorandum as set forth above, Big Creek shall permit representatives of CSPA to perform one (1)
14 physical inspection of the Facility during the term of this Consent Agreement. This inspection shall be
15 performed by CSPA's counsel and consultant(s) and may include sampling, photographing, and/or
16 videotaping and, if requested, CSPA shall provide Big Creek with a copy of all sampling reports,
17 photographs and/or video. CSPA shall provide at least three (3) business days advance notice of such
18 physical inspection, except that Big Creek shall have the right to deny access if circumstances would
19 make the inspection unduly burdensome and pose significant interference with business operations or
20 any party/attorney, or the safety of individuals. In such case, Big Creek shall specify at least three (3)
21 dates within the two (2) weeks thereafter upon which a physical inspection by CSPA may proceed.
22 Big Creek shall not make any alterations to Facility conditions during the period between receiving
23 CSPA's initial three (3) business days advance notice and the start of CSPA's inspection that Big
24 Creek would not otherwise have made but for receiving notice of CSPA's request to conduct a
25 physical inspection of the Facility, excepting any actions taken in compliance with any applicable laws
26 or regulations. Nothing herein shall be construed to prevent Big Creek from continuing to implement
27 any BMPs identified in the SWPPP during the period prior to an inspection by CSPA or at any time.

1 **10. Big Creek's Communications To/From Regional and State Boards.** During the term
 2 of this Consent Agreement, Big Creek shall provide CSPA with copies of all documents submitted to,
 3 or received from, the Regional Board or the State Board concerning storm water discharges from this
 4 Facility and/or Big Creek's compliance or lack of compliance with the General Permit, including, but
 5 not limited to, all documents and reports submitted to the Regional Board and/or State Board as
 6 required by the General Permit. Such documents and reports shall be provided to CSPA pursuant to
 7 the Notice provisions set forth below and contemporaneously with Big Creek's submission(s) to such
 8 agencies.

9 **11. SWPPP Amendments.** Pursuant to the Notice provisions set forth below, Big Creek
 10 shall provide CSPA with a copy of any amendments to the Facility SWPPP made during the term of
 11 the Consent Agreement within fourteen (14) calendar days of such amendment.

12 **II. MITIGATION, COMPLIANCE MONITORING AND FEES AND COSTS**

13 **12. Mitigation Payment In Lieu Of Civil Penalties.** As mitigation of the Clean
 14 Water Act violations alleged in CSPA's Complaint, Big Creek agrees to pay the sum of
 15 \$33,000 within fifteen (15) calendar days after the Court Approval Date to the Rose
 16 Foundation for Communities and the Environment ("Rose Foundation") for projects to
 17 improve water quality in local watersheds of Santa Cruz County. The Parties agree that the
 18 Rose Foundation will direct the funds to one or more proposals submitted by the Monterey
 19 Bay Salmon & Trout Project or the California Polytechnic State University Foundation
 20 Swanton Pacific Ranch Project, if a suitable grant application is submitted to the Rose
 21 Foundation by any one or more of these groups within six (6) months of the Effective Date of
 22 this Agreement. To be suitable, a grant application submitted by either group shall include,
 23 but not be limited to, a description of the anticipated benefits to water quality in local
 24 watersheds of Santa Cruz County from the project and a program designed to quantify the
 25 project's anticipated benefits to water quality in local watersheds of Santa Cruz County. If
 26 grant application(s) are not submitted by the Monterey Bay Salmon & Trout Project or the
 27 California Polytechnic State University Foundation Swanton Pacific Ranch Project, the Rose
 28

1 Foundation retains discretion to direct the funds consistent with this paragraph. The Rose
2 Foundation shall not retain any portion of the funds, except for the normal cost necessary to
3 cover its overhead, not to exceed 10% of the total project fund. The Rose Foundation shall
4 provide notice to the Parties within thirty (30) days of when the funds are dispersed by the
5 Rose Foundation, setting forth the recipient and the purpose of the funds. Payment shall be
6 provided to the Rose Foundation by mailing it to: Rose Foundation, Attn: Tim Little, 6008
7 College Avenue, Oakland, CA 94618.

8 **13. Compliance Monitoring Funding.** To defray CSPA's reasonable investigative, expert,
9 consultant and attorneys' fees and costs associated with monitoring Big Creek's compliance with this
10 Consent Agreement, Big Creek agrees to contribute \$4,500 for each of the two years covered by this
11 Consent Agreement (\$9,000 total for the life of the Consent Agreement), to a compliance monitoring
12 fund maintained by counsel for CSPA as described below. Compliance monitoring activities may
13 include, but shall not be limited to, site inspections, review of water quality sampling reports, review
14 of annual reports, discussions with representatives of Big Creek concerning the Action Memoranda
15 referenced above, and potential changes to compliance requirements herein, preparation for and
16 participation in meet-and-confer sessions, water quality sampling and analysis, and compliance-related
17 activities. Big Creek's first payment in the amount of \$4,500 shall be made payable to the "Law
18 Offices of Andrew L. Packard Attorney-Client Trust Account" within fifteen (15) calendar days after
19 the Court Approval Date. Big Creek's second payment in the amount of \$4,500 shall be made payable
20 to the "Law Offices of Andrew L. Packard Attorney-Client Trust Account" by July 1, 2013.

21 **14. Attorneys' and Expert/Consultants' Fees & Costs.** Big Creek agrees to reimburse
22 CSPA in the amount of \$28,000 to defray CSPA's reasonable investigative, expert, consultant and
23 attorneys' fees and costs, and all other costs incurred as a result of investigating the activities at the
24 Facility, bringing the Action and negotiating a resolution in the public interest. Such payment shall be
25 made to the "Law Offices of Andrew L. Packard Attorney-Client Trust Account" within fifteen (15)
26 calendar days after the Court Approval Date.

1 **III. DISPUTE RESOLUTION AND ENFORCEMENT OF CONSENT AGREEMENT**

2 **15.** With the exception of the timelines set forth above for addressing exceedances of values
 3 specified on **Exhibit C** and Action Memoranda, if a dispute under this Consent Agreement arises, or
 4 Plaintiff or Big Creek believes that a breach of this Consent Agreement has occurred, Plaintiff and Big
 5 Creek shall meet and confer within ten (10) calendar days of receiving written notification from the
 6 other party of a request for a meeting to determine whether a violation has occurred and to develop a
 7 mutually agreed upon plan, including implementation dates, to resolve the dispute. If Plaintiff or Big
 8 Creek fail to meet and confer, or the meet-and-confer does not resolve the issue, after at least seven (7)
 9 calendar days have passed after the meet-and-confer occurred or should have occurred, either Plaintiff
 10 or Big Creek shall be entitled to all rights and remedies under the law, including filing a motion with
 11 the District Court of California, Northern District, which shall retain jurisdiction over the Action for
 12 the limited purposes of enforcement of the terms of this Consent Agreement. Plaintiff or Big Creek
 13 shall be entitled to seek: (1) injunctive relief as needed to remedy the alleged breach/breaches of the
 14 Consent Agreement; and, (2) reimbursement of fees and costs incurred in the litigation of any such
 15 motion, and such fees and costs shall be awarded, pursuant to the provisions set forth in Section
 16 505(d) of the Clean Water Act, 33 U.S.C. §1365(d), and applicable case law interpreting such
 17 provision.

18 **IV. MUTUAL RELEASE OF LIABILITY, COVENANT NOT TO SUE AND DISMISSAL**

19 **16. Waiver and Release.** As of the Court Approval Date, the Parties and their successors,
 20 assigns, directors, officers, agents, attorneys, representatives, and employees, hereby release all
 21 persons from any and all claims and demands of any kind, nature, or description, and from any and all
 22 liabilities, relief, damages, fees (including fees of attorneys, experts, and others), injuries, actions, or
 23 causes of action, either at law or in equity, whether known or unknown, arising from CSPA's
 24 allegations in the Notice Letter and/or the Complaint regarding Defendants' compliance with the
 25 General Permit and the Clean Water Act, including all claims for fees, costs, expenses, or any other
 26 sum incurred or claimed or which could have been claimed, up to and including the Court Approval
 27 Date, except as provided for in Section II of this Consent Agreement.

1 17. The Parties acknowledge that they are familiar with section 1542 of the California Civil
2 Code, which provides:

3 A general release does not extend to claims which the creditor does not know or
4 suspect to exist in his or her favor at the time of executing the release, which if
5 known by him or her must have materially affected his or her settlement with the
6 debtor.

7 While CSPA asserts that California Civil Code section 1542 applies to general releases only, and that
8 the release in Paragraph 16 above is a limited release, the Parties nonetheless hereby waive and
9 relinquish any rights or benefits they may have under California Civil Code section 1542 with respect
10 to any other claims against each other arising from the allegations and claims as set forth in the Notice
11 Letter and/or the Complaint.

12 18. **Covenant Not to Sue.** From the Court Approval Date and ending on the Termination
13 Date, CSPA agrees that neither CSPA, its officers, executive staff, members of its governing board nor
14 any organization under the control of CSPA, its officers, executive staff, or members of its governing
15 board, will file any lawsuit against Defendants seeking relief for alleged violation of the Clean Water
16 Act or the General Permit or any revisions, amendments, or successors to the General Permit, arising
17 out of Defendants' operation of the Facility, nor will CSPA support such lawsuits against the
18 Defendants brought by other groups or individuals by providing financial assistance, personnel time,
19 or any other affirmative actions.

20 19. **Dismissal.** Upon expiration of the Agency Review Period, the Parties shall file with the
21 District Court a Stipulation and Order that shall provide that:

22 a. the Complaint and all claims therein shall be dismissed with prejudice pursuant
23 to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 41(a)(2); and

24 b. the Court shall retain and have jurisdiction over the Parties with respect to
25 disputes arising under this Consent Agreement. Nothing in this Consent Agreement shall be
26 construed as a waiver of any Party's right to appeal from an order that arises from an action to
27 enforce the terms of this Consent Agreement.

1 **IV. MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS**

2 **20. No Admission.** The Parties enter into this Consent Agreement for the purpose of
3 avoiding prolonged and costly litigation. Nothing in this Consent Agreement shall be construed as,
4 and Defendants expressly do not intend to imply, an admission as to any fact, finding, issue of law, or
5 violation of law, nor shall compliance with this Consent Agreement constitute or be construed as an
6 admission by Defendants of any fact, finding, conclusion, issue of law, or violation of law. However,
7 this paragraph shall not diminish or otherwise affect the obligation, responsibilities, and duties of the
8 Parties under this Consent Agreement.

9 **21. Termination Date.** The Consent Agreement shall terminate on September 30, 2014.

10 **22. Counterparts.** The Consent Agreement may be executed in one or more counterparts
11 which, taken together, shall be deemed to constitute one and the same document. An executed copy of
12 this Consent Agreement shall be valid as an original.

13 **23. Severability.** In the event that any one of the provisions of this Consent Agreement is
14 held by a court to be unenforceable, the validity of the enforceable provisions shall not be adversely
15 affected.

16 **24. Construction.** The language in all parts of this Consent Agreement, unless otherwise
17 stated, shall be construed according to its plain and ordinary meaning. This Consent Agreement shall
18 be construed pursuant to California law, without regarding to conflict of law principles.

19 **25. Choice of Law.** This Consent Agreement shall be governed by the laws of the United
20 States, and where applicable, the laws of the State of California.

21 **26. Authority.** The undersigned are authorized to execute this Consent Agreement on
22 behalf of their respective Parties and have read, understood and agreed to be bound by all of the terms
23 and conditions of this Consent Agreement.

24 **27.** All agreements, covenants, representations and warranties, express or implied, oral or
25 written, of the Parties concerning the subject matter of this Consent Agreement are contained herein.
26 This Consent Agreement and its attachments are made for the sole benefit of the Parties, and no other
27 person or entity shall have any rights or remedies under or by reason of this Consent Agreement,
28

1 unless otherwise expressly provided for therein.

2 **28. Notices.** Any notices or documents required or provided for by this Consent Agreement
3 or related thereto that are to be provided to CSPA pursuant to this Consent Agreement shall be
4 hand-delivered or sent by U.S. Mail, postage prepaid, and addressed as follows or, in the alternative,
5 shall be sent by electronic mail transmission to the email addresses listed below:

6 Bill Jennings, Executive Director
7 California Sportfishing Protection Alliance
8 3536 Rainier Avenue
9 Stockton, CA 95204
10 E-mail: DeltaKeep@me.com

11 With copies sent to:

12 Andrew L. Packard
13 Erik M. Roper
14 Emily J. Brand
15 Law Offices of Andrew L. Packard
16 100 Petaluma Boulevard North, Suite 301
17 Petaluma, CA 94952
18 Tel: (707) 763-7227
19 E-mail: Andrew@packardlawoffices.com
20 Erik@packardlawoffices.com
21 Emily@packardlawoffices.com

22 Any notices or documents required or provided for by this Consent Agreement or related thereto that
23 are to be provided to Defendants pursuant to this Consent Agreement shall be sent by U.S. Mail,
24 postage prepaid, and addressed as follows or, in the alternative, shall be sent by electronic mail
25 transmission to the email addresses listed below:

26 Janet McCrary Webb
27 Michael Tuttle
28 Big Creek Lumber Company
29 3564 Highway 1
30 Davenport, CA 95017
31 Tel: (831) 457-5023
32 Fax.: (831) 423-2800
33 E-mail: janetw@big-creek.com
34 michaelt@big-creek.com

35 With copies sent to:

36 Nicole Granquist
37 Downey Brand, LLP
38 621 Capitol Mall, 18th Floor
39 Sacramento, CA 95814

Tel: (916) 520-5369
Fax.: (916) 520-5769
E-mail: ngranquist@downeybrand.com

Each Party shall promptly notify the other of any change in the above-listed contact information.

29. Electronic or Facsimile Signatures. Telecopy, pdf, and/or facsimile copies of original signatures shall be deemed to be originally executed.

30. Force Majeure. No Party shall be considered to be in default in the performance of any of its obligations when a failure to perform is due to a "Force Majeure." A Force Majeure event is any circumstances beyond the Party's control, including, without limitation, any act of God, war, fire, earthquake, flood, and restraint by court order or public authority. A Force Majeure event does not include normal inclement weather or inability to pay. Any Party seeking to rely upon this paragraph shall have the burden of establishing that it could not reasonably have been expected to avoid, and which by exercise of due diligence has been unable to overcome, the Force Majeure.

31. Court Approval. If for any reason the District Court should decline to approve this Consent Agreement in the form presented, the Parties shall use their best efforts to work together to modify the Consent Agreement within thirty (30) calendar days so that it is acceptable to the District Court. If the Parties are unable to modify this Consent Agreement in a mutually acceptable manner, this Consent Agreement shall become null and void.

32. Negotiated Agreement. This Consent Agreement shall be deemed to have been drafted equally by the Parties, and shall not be interpreted for or against any Party on the ground that any such Party drafted it.

33. Full Settlement. This Consent Agreement constitutes a full and final settlement of this matter. The Parties expressly understand and agree that each Party has freely and voluntarily entered into this Consent Agreement with and upon advice of counsel.

34. Integration Clause. This Consent Agreement and its attached exhibits contain all of the terms and conditions agreed upon by the Parties relating to the matters covered by the Consent Agreement, and supersede any and all prior and contemporaneous agreements, negotiations, correspondence, understandings, and communications of the Parties, whether oral or written,

1 respecting the matters covered by this Consent Agreement.

2 **35. Modification.** This Consent Agreement may be amended or modified only by a writing
3 signed by the Parties or their authorized representatives, and then by order of the District Court.

4 **36. Cure.** Except in case of an emergency but subject to the regulatory authority of any
5 applicable governmental authority, any breach of or default under this Consent Agreement capable of
6 being cured shall be deemed cured if, within five (5) days of first receiving notice of the alleged
7 breach or default, or within such other period approved in writing by the Party not making such
8 allegation, which approval shall not be unreasonably withheld, the party allegedly in breach or default
9 has completed such cure or, if the breach or default can be cured but is not capable of being cured
10 within such five (5) day period, has commenced and is diligently pursuing to completion such cure.

11 The Parties hereto enter into this Consent Agreement and respectfully submit it to the District
12 Court for its approval and entry as an Order and Final Judgment.

13
14 Dated: _____ California Sportfishing Protection Alliance

15
16 By: _____
17 Bill Jennings, Executive Director

18 Dated: 9/10/12 Big Creek Lumber Company

19
20 By: Janet M. Webb
21 Janet McCrary Webb

22
23 Dated: 09/10/2012 Michael Tuttle

24
25 By: Michael Tuttle
26 Michael Tuttle

1 respecting the matters covered by this Consent Agreement.

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8 allegation, which approval shall not be unreasonably withheld, the party allegedly in breach or default
9 has completed such cure or, if the breach or default can be cured but is not capable of being cured
10 within such five (5) day period, has commenced and is diligently pursuing to completion such cure.

11 The Parties hereto enter into this Consent Agreement and respectfully submit it to the District
12 Court for its approval and entry as an Order and Final Judgment.

13
14 Dated: 10 Sept 2012 California Sportfishing Protection Alliance

15
16 By: Bill Jennings
17 Bill Jennings, Executive Director

18
19 Dated: _____ Big Creek Lumber Company

20
21 By: _____
22 Janet McCrary Webb

23 Dated: _____ Michael Tuttle

24
25 By: _____
26 Michael Tuttle

1 **APPROVED AS TO FORM:**

2 Dated: Sept. 10, 2012

Law Offices of Andrew L. Packard

3
4 By: 

5 Emily J. Brand
6 Attorneys for Plaintiff

7 Dated: Sept. 10, 2012

Downey Brand LLP

8
9 By: 

10 Nicole E. Granquist
11 Attorneys for Defendants
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EXHIBIT A – Facility Site Map

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STORMWATER MAP 1 - SAWMILL SITE

Portion of Section 2, T10S - R3W
and Portion of Rancho Agua Puerca Y Las Trancas
Santa Cruz County, California

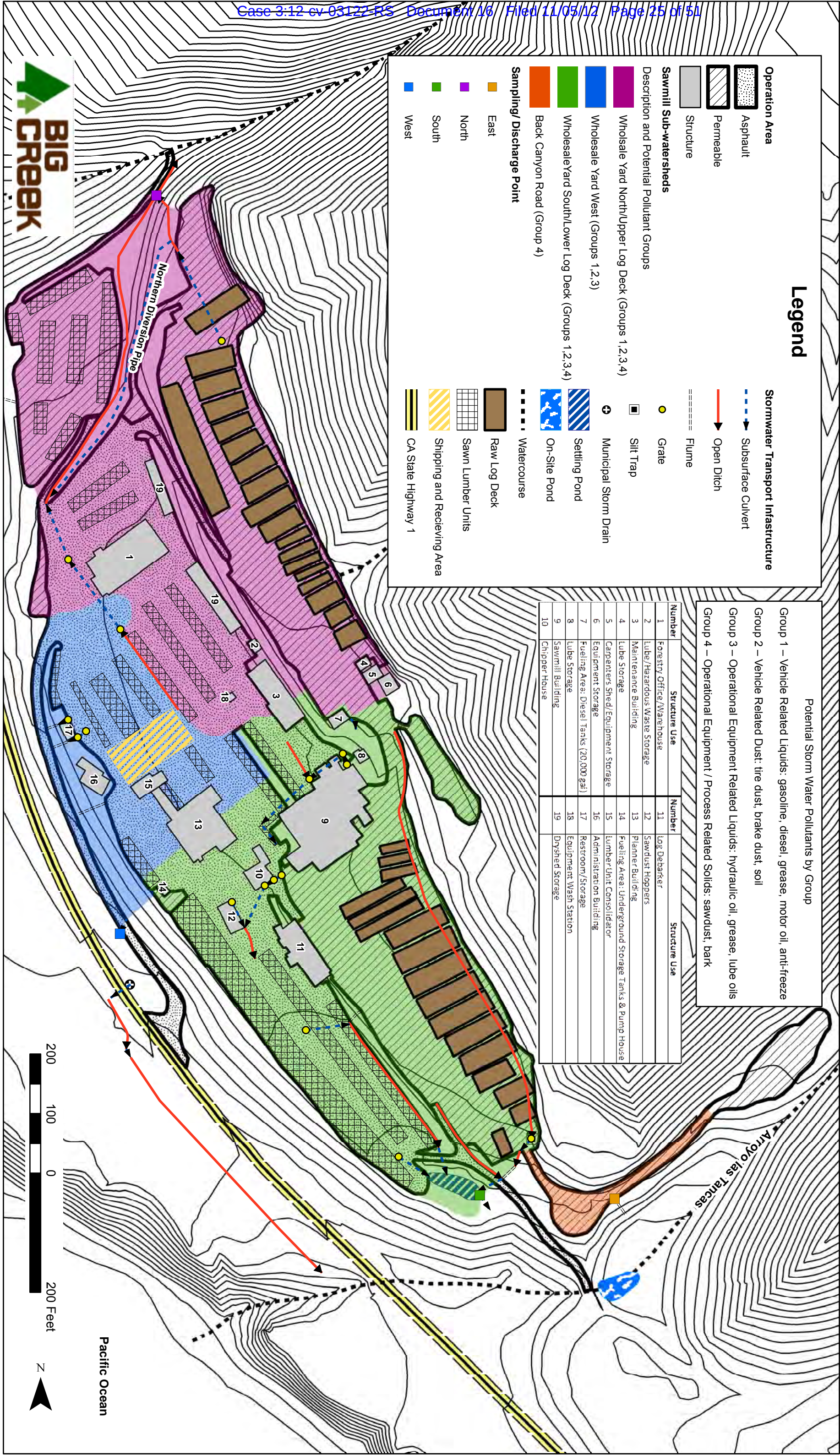


EXHIBIT B – Notice of Violation

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April 18, 2012

VIA CERTIFIED MAIL
RETURN RECEIPT REQUESTED

Michael Tuttle, Environmental Manager
Frank Hutchinson, Service Manager
Big Creek Lumber Company
3564 Highway 1
Davenport, CA 95017-3564

Homer McCrary, Registered Agent for Service of Process
Big Creek Lumber Company
3564 Highway 1
Davenport, CA 95017-3564

**Re: Notice of Violations and Intent to File Suit Under the Federal Water
Pollution Control Act**

Dear Messrs. McCrary, Tuttle and Hutchinson:

I am writing on behalf of the California Sportfishing Protection Alliance (“CSPA”) in regard to violations of the Clean Water Act (“the Act”) occurring at the Big Creek Lumber Company (“Big Creek Lumber”) facility, located at 3564 Highway 1 approximately seven miles north of Davenport, California (“the Facility”). The WDID identification number for the Facility is 3 44I009177. CSPA is a non-profit public benefit corporation dedicated to the preservation, protection and defense of the environment, wildlife and natural resources of California waters and the Pacific Ocean. This letter is being sent to you as the responsible owner, officer, or operator of the Facility. Unless otherwise noted, Big Creek Lumber Company, Michael Tuttle and Frank Hutchinson shall hereinafter be collectively referred to as Big Creek Lumber.

This letter addresses Big Creek Lumber’s unlawful discharges of pollutants from the Facility to Arroyo Las Trancas stream and unnamed creeks, which then convey storm water discharged from the Facility to the Pacific Ocean. This letter addresses the ongoing violations of the substantive and procedural requirements of the Clean Water Act

Notice of Violation and Intent To File Suit

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and National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (“NPDES”) General Permit No. CAS000001, State Water Resources Control Board Water Quality Order No. 91-13-DWQ, as amended by Order No. 97-03-DWQ (“General Permit” or “General Industrial Storm Water Permit”).

Section 505(b) of the Clean Water Act provides that sixty (60) days prior to the initiation of a civil action under Section 505(a) of the Act (33 U.S.C. § 1365(a)), a citizen must give notice of intent to file suit. Notice must be given to the alleged violator, the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, and the State in which the violations occur.

As required by the Clean Water Act, this Notice of Violation and Intent to File Suit provides notice of the violations that have occurred, and continue to occur, at the Facility. Consequently, Big Creek Lumber Company, Michael Tuttle and Frank Hutchinson are hereby placed on formal notice by CSPA that, after the expiration of sixty (60) days from the date of this Notice of Violation and Intent to File Suit, CSPA intends to file suit in federal court against Big Creek Lumber Company, Michael Tuttle and Frank Hutchinson under Section 505(a) of the Clean Water Act (33 U.S.C. § 1365(a)), for violations of the Clean Water Act and the General Permit. These violations are described more fully below.

I. Background.

Big Creek Lumber owns and operates a sawmill and planing mill facility located approximately seven miles north of Davenport, California. The Facility falls under Standard Industrial Classification (“SIC”) Code 2421 (“Sawmills and Planing Mills, General”). The Facility is primarily used to receive, store, handle, manufacture, sell and distribute lumber materials and products. Other activities at the Facility include the use and storage of heavy machinery and motorized vehicles, including trucks used to haul materials to, from and within the Facility.

Big Creek Lumber collects and discharges storm water from its approximately 30-acre Facility through at least three (3) discharge points into Arroyo Las Trancas stream, unnamed creeks, and ultimately into the Pacific Ocean. The Pacific Ocean is a water of the United States within the meaning of the Clean Water Act.

The Central Coast Regional Water Quality Control Board (“Regional Board”) has established water quality standards for the Pacific Ocean in the “Water Quality Control Plan for the Central Coast Basin” (“Basin Plan”). The Basin Plan incorporates in its entirety the State Board’s “Water Quality Control Plan for Ocean Waters of California” (“Ocean Plan”). The Ocean Plan “sets forth limits or levels of water quality characteristics for ocean waters to ensure the reasonable protection of beneficial uses and the prevention of nuisance. The discharge of waste shall not cause violation of these objectives.” *Id.* at 4. The Ocean Plan limits the concentration of organic materials in marine sediment to levels that not would degrade marine life. *Id.* at 6. The Basin Plan establishes ocean water quality objectives, including that dissolved oxygen is not to be

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less than 7.0 mg/l and pH must be between 7.0 - 8.5 s.u. *Id.* at III-2. It also establishes that toxic metal concentrations in marine habitats shall not exceed: Cu – 0.01 mg/L; Pb – 0.01 mg/L; Hg – 0.0001 mg/L; Ni – 0.002 mg/L; and, Zn – 0.02 mg/L. *Id.* at III-12.

The Basin Plan provides maximum contaminant levels (“MCLs”) for organic concentrations and inorganic and fluoride concentrations, not to be exceeded in domestic or municipal supply. *Id.* at III-6 - III-7. It requires that water designated for use as domestic or municipal supply shall not exceed the following maximum contaminant levels: aluminum – 1.0 mg/L; arsenic - 0.05 mg/L; lead - 0.05 mg/L; and mercury - 0.002 mg/L. *Id.* at III-7. The EPA has also issued recommended water quality criterion MCLs, or Treatment Techniques, for mercury - 0.002 mg/L; lead – 0.015 mg/L; chromium – 0.1 mg/L; and, copper – 1.3 mg/L. The EPA has also issued a recommended water quality criterion for aluminum for freshwater aquatic life protection of 0.087 mg/L. In addition, the EPA has established a secondary MCL, consumer acceptance limit for aluminum - 0.05 mg/L to 0.2 mg/L and zinc - 5.0 mg/L. *See* <http://www.epa.gov/safewater/mcl.html>. Finally, the California Department of Health Services has established the following MCL, consumer acceptance levels: aluminum – 1 mg/L (primary) and 0.2 mg/L (secondary); chromium – 0.5 mg/L (primary); copper – 1.0 mg/L (secondary); iron – 0.3 mg/L; and zinc – 5.0 mg/L. *See* California Code of Regulations, title 22, §§ 64431, 64449.

The California Toxics Rule (“CTR”), issued by the EPA in 2000, establishes numeric receiving water limits for certain toxic pollutants in California surface waters. 40 C.F.R. § 131.38. The CTR establishes the following numeric limits for freshwater surface waters: arsenic – 0.34 mg/L (maximum concentration) and 0.150 mg/L (continuous concentration); chromium (III) – 0.550 mg/L (maximum concentration) and 0.180 mg/L (continuous concentration); copper – 0.013 mg/L (maximum concentration) and 0.009 mg/L (continuous concentration); lead – 0.065 mg/L (maximum concentration) and 0.0025 mg/L (continuous concentration).

The Regional Board has identified waters of the Central Coast as failing to meet water quality standards for pollutant/stressors such as unknown toxicity, numerous pesticides, and mercury.¹ It identified that the Pacific Ocean between Point Año Nuevo to Soquel Point as failing to meet water quality standards due to the pollutant/stressor Dieldrin. Discharges of listed pollutants into an impaired surface water may be deemed a “contribution” to the exceedance of CTR, a water quality standard, and may indicate a failure on the part of a discharger to implement adequate storm water pollution control measures. *See Waterkeepers Northern Cal. v. Ag Indus. Mfg., Inc.*, 375 F.3d 913, 918 (9th Cir. 2004); *see also Waterkeepers Northern Cal. v. Ag Indus. Mfg., Inc.*, 2005 WL 2001037 at *3, 5 (E.D. Cal., Aug. 19, 2005) (finding that a discharger covered by the General Industrial Storm Water Permit was “subject to effluent limitation as to certain pollutants, including zinc, lead, copper, aluminum and lead” under the CTR).

¹ *See*

http://www.waterboards.ca.gov/water_issues/programs/tmdl/2010state_ir_reports/category5_report.shtml.

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The General Permit incorporates benchmark levels established by EPA as guidelines for determining whether a facility discharging industrial storm water has implemented the requisite best available technology economically achievable (“BAT”) and best conventional pollutant control technology (“BCT”). The following benchmarks have been established for pollutants discharged by Big Creek Lumber: zinc – 0.117 mg/L; pH – 6.0 – 9.0 s.u.; oil & grease – 15 mg/L; chemical oxygen demand – 120 mg/L; and total suspended solids – 100.0 mg/L. The State Water Quality Control Board has also proposed adding a benchmark level for specific conductance – 200 µmhos/cm and total organic carbon – 110 mg/L. Additional EPA benchmark levels have been established for other parameters that CSPA believes are being discharged from the Facility, including but not limited to, aluminum – 0.75 mg/L; ammonia-nitrogen – 19 mg/L; arsenic – 0.16854 mg/L; biochemical oxygen demand – 30 mg/L; cadmium – 0.0159 mg/L; copper – 0.0636 mg/L; iron – 1.0 mg/L; mercury – 0.0024 mg/L; nickel – 1.417 mg/L; lead – 0.0816 mg/L; and, hardness.

II. Big Creek Lumber Is Violating the Act by Discharging Pollutants From the Facility to Waters of the United States.

Under the Act, it is unlawful to discharge pollutants from a “point source” to navigable waters without obtaining and complying with a permit governing the quantity and quality of discharges. *Trustees for Alaska v. EPA*, 749 F.2d 549, 553 (9th Cir. 1984). Section 301(a) of the Clean Water Act prohibits “the discharge of any pollutants by any person . . .” except as in compliance with, among other sections of the Act, Section 402, the NPDES permitting requirements. 33 U.S.C. § 1311(a). The duty to apply for a permit extends to “[a]ny person who discharges or proposes to discharge pollutants. . . .” 40 C.F.R. § 122.30(a).

The term “discharge of pollutants” means “any addition of any pollutant to navigable waters from any point source.” 33 U.S.C. § 1362(12). Pollutants are defined to include, among other examples, a variety of metals, chemical wastes, biological materials, heat, rock, and sand discharged into water. 33 U.S.C. § 1362(6). A point source is defined as “any discernable, confined and discrete conveyance, including but not limited to any pipe, ditch, channel, tunnel, [or] conduit . . . from which pollutants are or may be discharged.” 33 U.S.C. § 1362(14). An industrial facility that discharges pollutants into a navigable water is subject to regulation as a “point source” under the Clean Water Act. *Comm. to Save Mokelumne River v. East Bay Mun. Util. Dist.*, 13 F.3d 305, 308 (9th Cir. 1993). “Navigable waters” means “the waters of the United States.” 33 U.S.C. § 1362(7). Navigable waters under the Act include man-made waterbodies and any tributaries or waters adjacent to other waters of the United States. *See Headwaters, Inc. v Talent Irrigation Dist.*, 243 F.3d 526, 533 (9th Cir. 2001).

The Arroyo Las Trancas stream and the Pacific Ocean are waters of the United States. Accordingly, Big Creek Lumber’s discharges of storm water containing pollutants from the Facility are discharges to waters of the United States.

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CSPA is informed and believes, and thereupon alleges, that Big Creek Lumber has discharged, and continues to discharge, pollutants from the Facility to waters of the United States every day that there has been or will be any measurable discharge of storm water from the Facility since November 25, 1992. Each discharge on each separate day is a separate violation of Section 301(a) of the Act, 33 U.S.C. § 1311(a). These unlawful discharges are ongoing. Consistent with the five-year statute of limitations applicable to citizen enforcement actions brought pursuant to the federal Clean Water Act, Big Creek Lumber is subject to penalties for violations of the Act since April 18, 2007.

III. Pollutant Discharges in Violation of the NPDES Permit.

Big Creek Lumber has violated and continues to violate the terms and conditions of the General Permit. Section 402(p) of the Act prohibits the discharge of storm water associated with industrial activities, except as permitted under an NPDES permit such as the General Permit. 33 U.S.C. § 1342. The General Permit prohibits any discharges of storm water associated with industrial activities that have not been subjected to BAT or BCT. Effluent Limitation B(3) of the General Permit requires dischargers to reduce or prevent pollutants in their storm water discharges through implementation of BAT for toxic and nonconventional pollutants and BCT for conventional pollutants. BAT and BCT include both nonstructural and structural measures. General Permit, Section A(8). Conventional pollutants are TSS, Oil & Grease (“O&G”), pH, biochemical oxygen demand (“BOD”), and fecal coliform. 40 C.F.R. § 401.16. All other pollutants are either toxic or nonconventional. *Id.*; 40 C.F.R. § 401.15.

Further, Discharge Prohibition A(1) of the General Permit provides: “Except as allowed in Special Conditions (D.1.) of this General Permit, materials other than storm water (non-storm water discharges) that discharge either directly or indirectly to waters of the United States are prohibited. Prohibited non-storm water discharges must be either eliminated or permitted by a separate NPDES permit.” Special Conditions D(1) of the General Permit sets forth the conditions that must be met for any discharge of non-storm water to constitute an authorized non-storm water discharge.

Receiving Water Limitation C(1) of the General Permit prohibits storm water discharges and authorized non-storm water discharges to surface or groundwater that adversely impact human health or the environment. Receiving Water Limitation C(2) of the General Permit also prohibits storm water discharges and authorized non-storm water discharges that cause or contribute to an exceedance of any applicable water quality standards contained in a Statewide Water Quality Control Plan or the applicable Regional Board’s Basin Plan.

Based on its review of available public documents, CSPA is informed and believes: (1) that Big Creek Lumber continues to discharge pollutants in excess of benchmarks and (2) that Big Creek Lumber has failed to implement BMPs adequate to bring its discharge of these and other pollutants in compliance with the General Permit.

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Big Creek Lumber's ongoing violations are discussed further below.

A. Big Creek Lumber Has Discharged Storm Water Containing Pollutants in Violation of the Permit.

Big Creek Lumber has discharged and continues to discharge storm water with unacceptable levels of Zinc (Zn), pH, Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD), Total Suspended Solids (TSS), Specific Conductance (SC), and Total Organic Carbon (TOC) in violation of the General Permit. These high pollutant levels have been documented during significant rain events, including the rain events indicated in the table of rain data attached hereto as Attachment A. Big Creek Lumber's Annual Reports and Sampling and Analysis Results confirm discharges of materials other than storm water and specific pollutants in violation of the Permit provisions listed above. Self-monitoring reports under the Permit are deemed "conclusive evidence of an exceedance of a permit limitation." *Sierra Club v. Union Oil*, 813 F.2d 1480, 1493 (9th Cir. 1988).

The following discharges of pollutants from the Facility have violated Discharge Prohibitions A(1) and A(2) and Receiving Water Limitations C(1) and C(2) of the General Industrial Storm Water Permit:

1. Discharge of Storm Water Containing Zinc (Zn) at Concentration in Excess of Applicable EPA Benchmark Value.

Date	Discharge Point	Parameter	Concentration in Discharge	Benchmark Value
2/17/2011	North	Zn	120 mg/L	0.117 mg/L
2/17/2011	South	Zn	450 mg/L	0.117 mg/L
2/17/2011	West	Zn	290 mg/L	0.117 mg/L
12/14/2010	North	Zn	1100 mg/L	0.117 mg/L
12/14/2010	South	Zn	420 mg/L	0.117 mg/L
12/14/2010	West	Zn	310 mg/L	0.117 mg/L
2/26/2010	North	Zn	810 mg/L	0.117 mg/L
2/26/2010	South	Zn	170 mg/L	0.117 mg/L
2/26/2010	West	Zn	420 mg/L	0.117 mg/L
10/13/2009	North	Zn	440 mg/L	0.117 mg/L
10/13/2009	South	Zn	150 mg/L	0.117 mg/L

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10/13/2009	West	Zn	300 mg/L	0.117 mg/L
2/6/2009	North	Zn	123 mg/L	0.117 mg/L
2/6/2009	South	Zn	820 mg/L	0.117 mg/L
2/6/2009	West	Zn	110 mg/L	0.117 mg/L
12/15/2008	North	Zn	160 mg/L	0.117 mg/L
12/15/2008	South	Zn	820 mg/L	0.117 mg/L
12/15/2008	West	Zn	170 mg/L	0.117 mg/L
12/18/2007	North	Zn	0.53 mg/L	0.117 mg/L
12/18/2007	South	Zn	0.45 mg/L	0.117 mg/L
12/18/2007	West	Zn	0.25 mg/L	0.117 mg/L
12/06/2007	North	Zn	0.25 mg/L	0.117 mg/L
12/06/2007	South	Zn	0.53 mg/L	0.117 mg/L
12/06/2007	West	Zn	0.43 mg/L	0.117 mg/L
2/9/2007	North	Zn	0.17 mg/L	0.117 mg/L
2/9/2007	South	Zn	0.42 mg/L	0.117 mg/L
11/03/2006	North	Zn	0.29 mg/L	0.117 mg/L
11/03/2006	West	Zn	0.17 mg/L	0.117 mg/L

2. Discharge of Storm Water Containing pH at Concentration in Excess of EPA Benchmark Value.

Date	Discharge Point	Parameter	Concentration in Discharge	Benchmark Value
2/17/2011	South	pH	4.5 s.u.	6.0 – 9.0 s.u.
12/14/2010	North	pH	3.5 s.u.	6.0 – 9.0 s.u.
12/14/2010	South	pH	3.9 s.u.	6.0 – 9.0 s.u.
2/26/2010	North	pH	3.6 s.u.	6.0 – 9.0 s.u.

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10/13/2009	North	pH	3.7 s.u.	6.0 – 9.0 s.u.
10/13/2009	South	pH	4.2 s.u.	6.0 – 9.0 s.u.
10/13/2009	West	pH	5.2 s.u.	6.0 – 9.0 s.u.
2/6/2009	North	pH	5.6 s.u.	6.0 – 9.0 s.u.
2/6/2009	South	pH	3.9 s.u.	6.0 – 9.0 s.u.
2/6/2009	West	pH	5.7 s.u.	6.0 – 9.0 s.u.
12/15/2008	North	pH	5.6 s.u.	6.0 – 9.0 s.u.
12/15/2008	South	pH	4.3 s.u.	6.0 – 9.0 s.u.
12/15/2008	West	pH	5.8 s.u.	6.0 – 9.0 s.u.
12/18/2007	North	pH	3.7 s.u.	6.0 – 9.0 s.u.
12/18/2007	South	pH	4.2 s.u.	6.0 – 9.0 s.u.
12/06/2007	North	pH	5.2 s.u.	6.0 – 9.0 s.u.
2/9/2007	North	pH	4.2 s.u.	6.0 – 9.0 s.u.
2/9/2007	South	pH	4.3 s.u.	6.0 – 9.0 s.u.
11/03/2006	North	pH	4.8 s.u.	6.0 – 9.0 s.u.

3. Discharge of Storm Water Containing Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD) at Concentration in Excess of Applicable EPA Benchmark Value.

Date	Discharge Point	Parameter	Concentration in Discharge	Benchmark Value
2/17/2011	South	COD	240 mg/L	120 mg/L
2/17/2011	West	COD	380 mg/L	120 mg/L

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12/14/2010	West	COD	360 mg/L	120 mg/L
2/26/2010	South	COD	130 mg/L	120 mg/L
2/26/2010	West	COD	300 mg/L	120 mg/L
10/13/2009	North	COD	230 mg/L	120 mg/L
10/13/2009	South	COD	480 mg/L	120 mg/L
10/13/2009	West	COD	170 mg/L	120 mg/L
2/6/2009	South	COD	220 mg/L	120 mg/L
2/6/2009	West	COD	150 mg/L	120 mg/L
12/15/2008	North	COD	160 mg/L	120 mg/L
12/15/2008	South	COD	290 mg/L	120 mg/L
12/15/2008	West	COD	240 mg/L	120 mg/L
12/18/2007	North	COD	170 mg/L	120 mg/L
12/18/2007	South	COD	290 mg/L	120 mg/L
12/18/2007	West	COD	230 mg/L	120 mg/L
12/06/2007	South	COD	330 mg/L	120 mg/L
12/06/2007	West	COD	270 mg/L	120 mg/L
2/9/2007	South	COD	170 mg/L	120 mg/L
2/9/2007	West	COD	160 mg/L	120 mg/L
11/03/2006	North	COD	410 mg/L	120 mg/L
11/03/2006	West	COD	270 mg/L	120 mg/L

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4. Discharge of Storm Water Containing Total Suspended Solids (TSS) at Concentration in Excess of Applicable EPA Benchmark Value.

Date	Discharge Point	Parameter	Concentration in Discharge	Benchmark Value
2/17/2011	South	TSS	440 mg/L	100 mg/L
2/17/2011	North	TSS	200 mg/L	100 mg/L
2/17/2011	West	TSS	330 mg/L	100 mg/L
12/14/2010	West	TSS	260 mg/L	100 mg/L
2/26/2010	North	TSS	190 mg/L	100 mg/L
2/26/2010	South	TSS	160 mg/L	100 mg/L
2/26/2010	West	TSS	650 mg/L	100 mg/L
10/13/2009	North	TSS	420 mg/L	100 mg/L
10/13/2009	South	TSS	480 mg/L	100 mg/L
2/6/2009	South	TSS	270 mg/L	100 mg/L
12/15/2008	North	TSS	160 mg/L	100 mg/L
12/18/2007	North	TSS	210 mg/L	100 mg/L
12/18/2007	South	TSS	440 mg/L	100 mg/L
12/18/2007	West	TSS	130 mg/L	100 mg/L
12/06/2007	North	TSS	1000 mg/L	100 mg/L
12/06/2007	South	TSS	380 mg/L	100 mg/L
12/06/2007	West	TSS	380 mg/L	100 mg/L

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2/9/2007	North	TSS	150 mg/L	100 mg/L
2/9/2007	South	TSS	410 mg/L	100 mg/L
2/9/2007	West	TSS	110 mg/L	100 mg/L
11/03/2006	North	TSS	2670 mg/L	100 mg/L
11/03/2006	West	TSS	380 mg/L	100 mg/L

5. Discharge of Storm Water Containing Specific Conductance (SC) at Concentration in Excess of Proposed EPA Benchmark Value.

Date	Discharge Point	Parameter	Concentration in Discharge	Proposed Benchmark Value
2/17/2011	South	SC	380 µmhos/cm	200 µmhos/cm
12/14/2010	South	SC	1100 µmhos/cm	200 µmhos/cm
12/14/2010	North	SC	1100 µmhos/cm	200 µmhos/cm
2/26/2010	North	SC	1400 µmhos/cm	200 µmhos/cm
2/26/2010	South	SC	820 µmhos/cm	200 µmhos/cm
10/13/2009	North	SC	480 µmhos/cm	200 µmhos/cm
2/6/2009	South	SC	450 µmhos/cm	200 µmhos/cm
12/15/2008	South	SC	380 µmhos/cm	200 µmhos/cm
12/18/2007	North	SC	540 µmhos/cm	200 µmhos/cm
12/18/2007	South	SC	320 µmhos/cm	200 µmhos/cm
12/18/2007	West	SC	240 µmhos/cm	200 µmhos/cm
12/06/2007	North	SC	350 µmhos/cm	200 µmhos/cm

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2/9/2007	North	SC	210 µmhos/cm	200 µmhos/cm
2/9/2007	South	SC	260 µmhos/cm	200 µmhos/cm
11/03/2006	North	SC	470 µmhos/cm	200 µmhos/cm

6. Discharge of Storm Water Containing Total Organic Carbon (TOC) at Concentration in Excess of Proposed EPA Benchmark Value.

Date	Discharge Point	Parameter	Concentration in Discharge	Proposed Benchmark Value
2/6/2009	South	TOC	220 mg/L	110 mg/L
2/6/2009	West	TOC	150 mg/L	110 mg/L
12/15/2008	North	TOC	160 mg/L	110 mg/L
12/15/2008	South	TOC	290 mg/L	110 mg/L
12/15/2008	West	TOC	240 mg/L	110 mg/L

CSPA's investigation, including its review of Big Creek Lumber's analytical results documenting pollutant levels in the Facility's storm water discharges well in excess of EPA's benchmark values and the State Board's proposed benchmark levels for specific conductivity and total organic carbon, indicates that Big Creek Lumber has not implemented BAT and BCT at the Facility for its discharges of Zinc (Zn), pH, Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD), Total Suspended Solids (TSS), Specific Conductance (SC), Total Organic Carbon (TOC) and other pollutants, in violation of Effluent Limitation B(3) of the General Permit. Big Creek Lumber was required to have implemented BAT and BCT by no later than October 1, 1992 or the start of its operations. Thus, Big Creek Lumber is discharging polluted storm water associated with its industrial operations without having implemented BAT and BCT.

CSPA is informed and believes that Big Creek Lumber has known that its storm water contains pollutants at levels exceeding EPA Benchmarks and other water quality criteria since at least April 18, 2007. CSPA alleges that such violations also have occurred and will occur on other rain dates, including during every single significant rain event that has occurred since April 18, 2007, and that will occur at the Facility subsequent to the date of this Notice of Violation and Intent to File Suit. Attachment A,

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attached hereto, sets forth each of the specific rain dates on which CSPA alleges that Big Creek Lumber has discharged storm water containing impermissible levels of Zinc (Zn), pH, Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD), Total Suspended Solids (TSS), Specific Conductance (SC), Total Organic Carbon (TOC) and other unmonitored pollutants (e.g. aluminum; iron; arsenic; copper; biochemical oxygen demand; and, mercury) in violation of Discharge Prohibitions A(1) and A(2) and Receiving Water Limitations C(1) and C(2) of the General Permit.

These unlawful discharges from the Facility are ongoing. Each discharge of storm water containing any pollutants from the Facility without the implementation of BAT/BCT constitutes a separate violation of the General Permit and the Act. Consistent with the five-year statute of limitations applicable to citizen enforcement actions brought pursuant to the federal Clean Water Act, Big Creek Lumber is subject to penalties for violations of the General Permit and the Act since April 18, 2007.

B. Big Creek Lumber Has Failed to Implement an Adequate Monitoring & Reporting Plan.

Section B of the General Industrial Storm Water Permit requires that dischargers develop and implement an adequate Monitoring and Reporting Plan by no later than October 1, 1992 or the start of operations. Sections B(3), B(4) and B(7) require that dischargers conduct regularly scheduled visual observations of non-storm water and storm water discharges from the Facility and to record and report such observations to the Regional Board. Section B(5)(a) of the General Permit requires that dischargers “shall collect storm water samples during the first hour of discharge from (1) the first storm event of the wet season, and (2) at least one other storm event in the wet season. All storm water discharge locations shall be sampled.” Section B(5)(c)(i) further requires that the samples shall be analyzed for total suspended solids, pH, specific conductance, and total organic carbon. Oil and grease may be substituted for total organic carbon. Section B(5)(c)(ii) of the General Permit further requires dischargers to analyze samples for all “[t]oxic chemicals and other pollutants that are likely to be present in storm water discharges in significant quantities.” Section B(10) of the General Permit provides that “facility operators shall explain how the facility’s monitoring program will satisfy the monitoring program objectives of [General Permit] Section B.2.”

Based on its investigation, CSPA is informed and believes that Big Creek Lumber has failed to develop and implement an adequate Monitoring & Reporting Plan. First, based on its review of publicly available documents, CSPA is informed and believes that Big Creek Lumber has failed to collect storm water samples during at least two qualifying storms events, as defined by the General Permit, during each of the past five Wet Seasons. Second, based on its review of publicly available documents, CSPA is informed and believes that Big Creek Lumber has failed to conduct the monthly visual monitoring of storm water discharges and the quarterly visual observations of unauthorized non-storm water discharges required under the General Permit during each of the past five Wet Seasons. Third, based on its review of publicly available documents,

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CSPA is informed and believes that for the past five Wet Seasons, Big Creek Lumber has failed to analyze samples for other pollutants that are likely to be present in significant quantities in the storm water discharged from the Facility. Each of these failures constitutes a separate and ongoing violation of the General Permit and the Act. Consistent with the five-year statute of limitations applicable to citizen enforcement actions brought pursuant to the federal Clean Water Act, Big Creek Lumber is subject to penalties for violations of the General Permit and the Act since April 18, 2007. These violations are set forth in greater detail below:

1. Big Creek Lumber Has Failed to Collect Storm Water Samples During at Least Two Rain Events In Each of the Last Five Wet Seasons.

Based on its review of publicly available documents, CSPA is informed and believes that Big Creek Lumber has failed to collect storm water samples from all discharge points during at least two qualifying rain events at the Facility during each of the past five Wet Seasons, as required by the General Permit. For example, CSPA notes that the Annual Report filed by Big Creek Lumber for the Facility for the 2010-2011 Wet Season reported that Big Creek Lumber analyzed samples of storm water discharged during two qualifying storm events that season. However, upon closer scrutiny it turns out that one storm sampled was not a qualifying storm event within the meaning of the General Permit (discussed further below). Similarly, in the 2009-2010 Annual Report, Big Creek Lumber sampled from a storm event that was not a qualifying storm event, either. Further, in each of the 2008-2009, 2007-2008, and 2006-2007 Annual Reports, Big Creek Lumber never sampled from a qualifying storm event.

Big Creek Lumber reported in four of the five Wet Seasons (i.e., 2006-2007; 2007-2008; 2008-2009; and, 2009-2010 Wet Seasons), that the Facility sampled the first qualifying storm event of the season, when in fact it did not sample the first storm of the season during three of those four Wet Seasons. For example, Big Creek Lumber reported in its 2008-2009 Annual Report that it sampled the first qualifying storm event of the Wet Season, but Big Creek Lumber's first sample is from December 15, 2008. Based upon its review of publicly available rainfall data, CSPA is informed and believes that the first qualifying storm event of the 2008-2009 Wet Season occurred as early as Friday, October 3, 2008, when 0.28" of rain fell on the Facility. This failure to adequately monitor storm water discharges constitutes separate and ongoing violations of the General Permit and the Act.

Further, based on its investigation, CSPA is informed and believes that storm water discharges from the Facility at points other than the one sampling/discharge point currently designated by Big Creek Lumber. This failure to adequately monitor storm water discharges constitutes separate and ongoing violations of the General Permit and the Act.

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2. Big Creek Lumber Has Failed to Conduct the Monthly Wet Season Observations of Storm Water Discharges Required by the General Permit.

The General Permit requires dischargers to “visually observe storm water discharges from one storm event per month during the Wet Season (October 1 – May 30).” General Permit, Section B(4)(a). As evidenced by the entries on Form 4 Monthly Visual Observations contained in Big Creek Lumber’s annual reports for the last five Wet Seasons, CSPA is informed and believes that Big Creek Lumber has failed to comply with this requirement of the General Permit.

Specifically, Big Creek Lumber failed to conduct monthly visual observations of discharges from qualifying storm events for most months during any of the past five Wet Seasons. Instead, Big Creek Lumber documented its visual observations of storm water that discharged during non-qualifying storm events or on dates during which no rain fell on the Facility, for most months during the entire Wet Season of each of the past five years (discussed further below). However, based on publicly available rainfall data, CSPA is informed and believes that there were many qualifying storm events during each of these Wet Seasons that Big Creek Lumber could have observed.

For example, Big Creek Lumber reported in its 2010-2011 Annual Report that it observed a qualifying storm event on Thursday, December 16, 2010. However, CSPA is informed and believes that this could not possibly be true because 0.27” of rain fell on the Facility two days prior, on December 14, 2010, likely making that December 14th storm a qualifying storm event and disqualifying all storm events for the next three days. Big Creek Lumber’s failure to conduct this required monthly Wet Season visual monitoring extends back to at least April 18, 2007. Big Creek Lumber’s failure to conduct this required monthly Wet Season visual monitoring has caused and continues to cause multiple, separate and ongoing violations of the General Permit and the Act.

4. Big Creek Lumber Is Subject to Penalties for Its Failure to Implement an Adequate Monitoring & Reporting Plan Since April 18, 2007.

CSPA is informed and believes that publicly available documents demonstrate Big Creek Lumber’s consistent and ongoing failure to implement an adequate Monitoring Reporting Plan in violation of Section B of the General Permit. For example, while in its 2010-2011 Annual Report Big Creek Lumber reported having collected samples of storm water discharged during two qualifying storm events, only one of the two storm events sampled was a qualifying storm event within the meaning of the General Permit. Based on its review of publicly available rainfall data, CSPA is informed and believes that the storm that occurred at the Facility on February 17, 2011 was not a qualifying storm event because enough rain fell on the Facility one day prior to likely result in a discharge of storm water from the Facility, thereby invalidating the February 17th storm as a qualifying storm event. Specifically, Big Creek Lumber sampled a rain event on

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February 17, 2011 that produced 1.65” of rainfall on the Facility. However, one day prior, on Wednesday, February 16, 2011, 0.79” of rain fell on the Facility. Therefore, the February 16th storm event likely renders any storm occurring for three days afterwards a non-qualifying storm event.

Additionally, Big Creek Lumber is in violation of the General Permit’s requirement that the testing method employed in laboratory analyses of pollutant concentrations present in storm water discharged from the Facility be “adequate to satisfy the objectives of the monitoring program.” General Permit Section B.10.a.iii. The Regional Board has determined that the appropriate laboratory test method to employ when analyzing storm water samples for the presence and concentration of oil and grease is EPA method 413.2 or 1664. Additionally, the Regional Board has determined that the appropriate detection limit that should be applied when using either method is 1.0 mg/L.

However, as demonstrated by Big Creek Lumber’s annual report filed in 2010-2011, the test method employed by the laboratory utilized by Big Creek Lumber to analyze the concentration of oil and grease in the storm water discharged from its Facility was not EPA method 413.2 or 1664, but rather, EPA method A5520B. In addition, the laboratory employed by Big Creek Lumber to analyze the storm water sample collected for both samples applied an inappropriately high detection limit of 5.0 mg/L. In fact, Big Creek Lumber used an inappropriate analysis detection limit for zinc, chemical oxygen demand, and total suspended solids in all five of its Annual Reports.

Big Creek Lumber is in violation of the General Permit for failing to employ laboratory test methods and detection limits that are adequate to, among other things, “ensure that storm water discharges are in compliance with the Discharge Prohibitions, Effluent Limitations, and Receiving Water Limitations specified in this General Permit.” General Permit Section B.2.a. (“Monitoring Program Objectives”). Accordingly, consistent with the five-year statute of limitations applicable to citizen enforcement actions brought pursuant to the federal Clean Water Act, Big Creek Lumber is subject to penalties for these violations of the General Permit and the Act since April 18, 2007.

C. Big Creek Lumber Has Failed to Implement BAT and BCT.

Effluent Limitation B(3) of the General Permit requires dischargers to reduce or prevent pollutants in their storm water discharges through implementation of BAT for toxic and nonconventional pollutants and BCT for conventional pollutants. BAT and BCT include both nonstructural and structural measures. General Permit, Section A(8). CSPA’s investigation indicates that Big Creek Lumber has not implemented BAT and BCT at the Facility for its discharges of Zinc (Zn), pH, Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD), Total Suspended Solids (TSS), Specific Conductance (SC), Total Organic Carbon (TOC) and other unmonitored pollutants in violation of Effluent Limitation B(3) of the General Permit.

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To meet the BAT/BCT requirement of the General Permit, Big Creek Lumber must evaluate all pollutant sources at the Facility and implement the best structural and non-structural management practices economically achievable to reduce or prevent the discharge of pollutants from the Facility. Based on the limited information available regarding the internal structure of the Facility, CSPA believes that at a minimum Big Creek Lumber must improve its housekeeping practices, store materials that act as pollutant sources under cover or in contained areas, treat storm water to reduce pollutants before discharge (e.g., with filters or treatment boxes), and/or prevent storm water discharge altogether. Big Creek Lumber has failed to adequately implement such measures.

Big Creek Lumber was required to have implemented BAT and BCT by no later than October 1, 1992. Therefore, Big Creek Lumber has been in continuous violation of the BAT and BCT requirements every day since October 1, 1992, and will continue to be in violation every day that it fails to implement BAT and BCT. Big Creek Lumber is subject to penalties for violations of the General Permit and the Act occurring since April 18, 2007.

D. Big Creek Lumber Has Failed to Develop and Implement an Adequate Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan.

Section A(1) and Provision E(2) of the General Permit require dischargers of storm water associated with industrial activity to develop, implement, and update an adequate storm water pollution prevention plan ("SWPPP") no later than October 1, 1992. Section A(1) and Provision E(2) requires dischargers who submitted an NOI pursuant to Water Quality Order No. 97-03-DWQ to continue following their existing SWPPP and implement any necessary revisions to their SWPPP in a timely manner, but in any case, no later than August 9, 1997.

The SWPPP must, among other requirements, identify and evaluate sources of pollutants associated with industrial activities that may affect the quality of storm and non-storm water discharges from the facility and identify and implement site-specific best management practices ("BMPs") to reduce or prevent pollutants associated with industrial activities in storm water and authorized non-storm water discharges (General Permit, Section A(2)). The SWPPP must also include BMPs that achieve BAT and BCT (Effluent Limitation B(3)). The SWPPP must include: a description of individuals and their responsibilities for developing and implementing the SWPPP (General Permit, Section A(3)); a site map showing the facility boundaries, storm water drainage areas with flow pattern and nearby water bodies, the location of the storm water collection, conveyance and discharge system, structural control measures, impervious areas, areas of actual and potential pollutant contact, and areas of industrial activity (General Permit, Section A(4)); a list of significant materials handled and stored at the site (General Permit, Section A(5)); a description of potential pollutant sources including industrial processes, material handling and storage areas, dust and particulate generating activities, a description of significant spills and leaks, a list of all non-storm water discharges and

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their sources, and a description of locations where soil erosion may occur (General Permit, Section A(6)).

The SWPPP also must include an assessment of potential pollutant sources at the Facility and a description of the BMPs to be implemented at the Facility that will reduce or prevent pollutants in storm water discharges and authorized non-storm water discharges, including structural BMPs where non-structural BMPs are not effective (General Permit, Section A(7), (8)). The SWPPP must be evaluated to ensure effectiveness and must be revised where necessary (General Permit, Section A(9),(10)). Receiving Water Limitation C(3) of the Order requires that dischargers submit a report to the appropriate Regional Water Board that describes the BMPs that are currently being implemented and additional BMPs that will be implemented to prevent or reduce the discharge of any pollutants causing or contributing to the exceedance of water quality standards.

CSPA's investigation and review of publicly available documents regarding conditions at the Facility indicate that Big Creek Lumber has been operating with an inadequately developed or implemented SWPPP in violation of the requirements set forth above. Big Creek Lumber has failed to evaluate the effectiveness of its BMPs and to revise its SWPPP as necessary. Accordingly, Big Creek Lumber has been in continuous violation of Section A(1) and Provision E(2) of the General Permit every day since October 1, 1992, and will continue to be in violation every day that it fails to develop and implement an effective SWPPP. Big Creek Lumber is subject to penalties for violations of the General Permit and the Act occurring since April 18, 2007.

E. Big Creek Lumber Has Failed to Address Discharges Contributing to Exceedances of Water Quality Standards.

Receiving Water Limitation C(3) requires a discharger to prepare and submit a report to the Regional Board describing changes it will make to its current BMPs in order to prevent or reduce the discharge of any pollutant in its storm water discharges that is causing or contributing to an exceedance of water quality standards. Once approved by the Regional Board, the additional BMPs must be incorporated into the Facility's SWPPP. The report must be submitted to the Regional Board no later than 60-days from the date the discharger first learns that its discharge is causing or contributing to an exceedance of an applicable water quality standard. Receiving Water Limitation C(4)(a). Section C(11)(d) of the Permit's Standard Provisions also requires dischargers to report any noncompliance. *See also* Provision E(6). Lastly, Section A(9) of the Permit requires an annual evaluation of storm water controls including the preparation of an evaluation report and implementation of any additional measures in the SWPPP to respond to the monitoring results and other inspection activities.

As indicated above, Big Creek Lumber is discharging elevated levels of Zinc (Zn), pH, Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD), Total Suspended Solids (TSS), Specific Conductance (SC), Total Organic Carbon (TOC) and other unmonitored pollutants that

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are causing or contributing to exceedances of applicable water quality standards. For each of these pollutant exceedances, Big Creek Lumber was required to submit a report pursuant to Receiving Water Limitation C(4)(a) within 60-days of becoming aware of levels in its storm water exceeding the EPA Benchmarks and applicable water quality standards.

Based on CSPA's review of available documents, Big Creek Lumber was aware of high levels of these pollutants prior to April 18, 2007. Likewise, Big Creek Lumber has generally failed to file reports describing its noncompliance with the General Permit in violation of Section C(11)(d). Lastly, the SWPPP and accompanying BMPs do not appear to have been altered as a result of the annual evaluation required by Section A(9). Big Creek Lumber has been in continuous violation of Receiving Water Limitation C(4)(a) and Sections C(11)(d) and A(9) of the General Permit every day since April 18, 2007, and will continue to be in violation every day it fails to prepare and submit the requisite reports, receives approval from the Regional Board and amends its SWPPP to include approved BMPs. Big Creek Lumber is subject to penalties for violations of the General Permit and the Act occurring since April 18, 2007.

F. Big Creek Lumber Has Failed to File Timely, True and Correct Reports.

Section B(14) of the General Permit requires dischargers to submit an Annual Report by July 1st of each year to the executive officer of the relevant Regional Board. The Annual Report must be signed and certified by an appropriate corporate officer. General Permit, Sections B(14), C(9), (10). Section A(9)(d) of the General Permit requires the discharger to include in their annual report an evaluation of their storm water controls, including certifying compliance with the General Industrial Storm Water Permit. *See also* General Permit, Sections C(9) and (10) and B(14).

CSPA's investigation indicates that Big Creek Lumber has submitted incomplete Annual Reports and purported to comply with the General Permit despite significant noncompliance at the Facility. For example, Big Creek Lumber reported in four Annual Reports filed for the past five Wet Seasons (i.e., 2006-2007; 2007-2008; 2008-2009; and 2009-2010) that it observed storm water discharges occurring during the first storm of every Wet Season. However, as discussed above, based on CSPA's review of publicly available rainfall data, CSPA believes this cannot possibly be true.

Further, Big Creek Lumber failed to sample from qualifying storm events in eight out of ten storm water samples collected during the last five Wet Seasons. For example, as discussed above, in 2010-2011, Big Creek Lumber sampled from a storm event on February 17, 2011 that was not a qualifying storm event. Further, in the 2009-2010 Annual Report, Big Creek Lumber reported that it sampled a qualifying storm event on February 26, 2010. Based on its review of publicly available rainfall data, CSPA is informed and believes that the storm that occurred at the Facility on February 26, 2010 was not a qualifying storm event because enough rain fell on the Facility two days prior

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to likely result in a discharge of storm water from the Facility, thereby invalidating the February 26, 2010 storm as a qualifying storm event. Specifically, 1.54" of rain fell on the Facility on Wednesday, February 24, 2010.

Further, Big Creek Lumber failed to comply with the monthly visual observations of storm water discharges requirement for every single Annual Report filed for the Facility for each of the last five years. In the 2010-2011 Annual Report, Big Creek Lumber only observed one single qualifying storm event within the meaning of the General Permit. For example, Big Creek Lumber reported that it observed a qualifying storm event on December 16, 2010. However, based on publicly available rainfall data, CSPA is informed and believes that this cannot possibly be true. On Tuesday, December 14, 2010, 0.27" of rain fell on the Facility, likely invalidating the storm observed on December 16th. In the 2009-2010 Annual Report, Big Creek Lumber reported that it observed discharge from a qualifying storm event on December 12, 2009. However, based on publicly available rainfall data, CSPA is informed and believes that this cannot possibly be true. One day prior to December 12, on Friday, December 11, 0.43" of rain fell on the Facility, thereby invalidating the December 12, 2009 storm as a qualifying storm event.

These are only a few examples of how Big Creek Lumber has failed to file completely true and accurate reports. As indicated above, Big Creek Lumber has failed to comply with the Permit and the Act consistently for at least the past five years; therefore, Big Creek Lumber has violated Sections A(9)(d), B(14) and C(9) & (10) of the Permit every time Big Creek Lumber submitted an incomplete or incorrect annual report that falsely certified compliance with the Act in the past years. Big Creek Lumber's failure to submit true and complete reports constitutes continuous and ongoing violations of the Permit and the Act. Big Creek Lumber is subject to penalties for violations of Section (C) of the General Permit and the Act occurring since April 18, 2007.

IV. Persons Responsible for the Violations.

CSPA puts Big Creek Lumber Company, Michael Tuttle and Frank Hutchinson on notice that they are the persons responsible for the violations described above. If additional persons are subsequently identified as also being responsible for the violations set forth above, CSPA puts Big Creek Lumber Company, Michael Tuttle and Frank Hutchinson on notice that it intends to include those persons in this action.

V. Name and Address of Noticing Party.

Our name, address and telephone number is as follows: California Sportfishing Protection Alliance, Bill Jennings, Executive Director; 3536 Rainier Avenue, Stockton, CA 95204; Phone: (209) 464-5067.

Notice of Violation and Intent To File Suit

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VI. Counsel.

CSPA has retained legal counsel to represent it in this matter. Please direct all communications to:

Andrew L. Packard
Erik M. Roper
Emily J. Brand
Law Offices of Andrew L. Packard
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VII. Penalties.

Pursuant to Section 309(d) of the Act (33 U.S.C. § 1319(d)) and the Adjustment of Civil Monetary Penalties for Inflation (40 C.F.R. § 19.4) each separate violation of the Act Big Creek Lumber Company, Michael Tuttle and Frank Hutchinson to a penalty of up to \$32,500 per day per violation for all violations occurring after March 15, 2004, and \$37,500 per day per violation for all violations occurring after January 12, 2009, during the period commencing five years prior to the date of this Notice of Violations and Intent to File Suit. In addition to civil penalties, CSPA will seek injunctive relief preventing further violations of the Act pursuant to Sections 505(a) and (d) (33 U.S.C. § 1365(a) and (d)) and such other relief as permitted by law. Lastly, Section 505(d) of the Act (33 U.S.C. § 1365(d)), permits prevailing parties to recover costs and fees, including attorneys' fees.

CSPA believes this Notice of Violations and Intent to File Suit sufficiently states grounds for filing suit. We intend to file a citizen suit under Section 505(a) of the Act against Big Creek Lumber Company, Michael Tuttle and Frank Hutchinson and their agents for the above-referenced violations upon the expiration of the 60-day notice period. If you wish to pursue remedies in the absence of litigation, we suggest that you initiate those discussions within the next 20 days so that they may be completed before the end of the 60-day notice period. We do not intend to delay the filing of a complaint in federal court if discussions are continuing when that period ends.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in cursive script, appearing to read "Bill Jennings".

Bill Jennings, Executive Director
California Sportfishing Protection Alliance

SERVICE LIST

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U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
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Washington, D.C. 20460

Jared Blumenfeld
Administrator, U.S. EPA – Region 9
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Eric Holder
U.S. Attorney General
U.S. Department of Justice
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Sacramento, CA 95812-0100

Roger Briggs, Executive Officer
Regional Water Quality Control Board
Central Coast Region
895 Aerovista Place, Suite 101
San Luis Obispo, CA 93401

ATTACHMENT A

Notice of Intent to File Suit, Big Creek Lumber (7 miles north of Davenport, CA)

Significant Rain Events,* April 18, 2007 – April 18, 2012

April 20 2007	Dec. 24 2008	Jan. 26 2010	Jan. 29 2011
April 22 2007	Dec. 25 2008	Jan. 29 2010	Jan. 30 2011
May 02 2007	Jan. 02 2009	Feb 04 2010	Feb. 14 2011
May 04 2007	Jan. 21 2009	Feb 05 2010	Feb. 15 2011
Oct 12 2007	Jan. 22 2009	Feb. 06 2010	Feb. 16 2011
Oct 16 2007	Jan. 23 2009	Feb. 09 2010	Feb. 17 2011
Nov 10 2007	Feb. 05 2009	Feb. 12 2010	Feb. 18 2011
Nov 11 2007	Feb. 06 2009	Feb. 21 2010	Feb. 19 2011
Dec. 17 2007	Feb. 08 2009	Feb. 23 2010	Feb. 24 2011
Dec. 18 2007	Feb. 10 2009	Feb. 24 2010	Feb. 25 2011
Dec. 20 2007	Feb. 11 2009	Feb. 26 2010	Mar. 02 2011
Dec. 29 2007	Feb. 13 2009	Feb. 27 2010	Mar. 06 2011
Jan 03 2008	Feb. 14 2009	Mar. 02 2010	Mar. 13 2011
Jan 04 2008	Feb. 15 2009	Mar. 03 2010	Mar. 14 2011
Jan 05 2008	Feb. 16 2009	Mar. 10 2010	Mar. 15 2011
Jan 06 2008	Feb. 17 2009	Mar. 12 2010	Mar. 16 2011
Jan 08 2008	Feb. 21 2009	Mar. 31 2010	Mar. 18 2011
Jan 21 2008	Feb. 22 2009	April 02 2010	Mar. 19 2011
Jan 22 2008	Feb. 23 2009	April 04 2010	Mar. 20 2011
Jan 24 2008	Feb. 26 2009	April 05 2010	Mar. 21 2011
Jan 25 2008	Mar. 01 2009	April 11 2010	Mar. 22 2011
Jan 26 2008	Mar. 02 2009	April 12 2010	Mar. 23 2011
Jan. 27 2008	Mar. 03 2009	April 20 2010	Mar. 24 2011
Jan. 28 2008	Mar. 05 2009	April 27 2010	Mar. 25 2011
Jan. 29 2008	Mar. 21 2009	April 28 2010	Mar. 26 2011
Jan. 30 2008	Mar. 22 2009	May 10 2010	Mar. 27 2011
Jan. 31 2008	April 07 2009	May 25 2010	Apr 13 2011
Feb 01 2008	April 09 2009	Oct. 21 2010	Apr 20 2011
Feb 02 2008	May 01 2009	Oct. 23 2010	Apr 24 2011
Feb 03 2008	May 03 2009	Oct. 24 2010	May 14 2011
Feb 19 2008	May 04 2009	Oct. 30 2010	May 16 2011
Feb 20 2008	May 05 2009	Nov. 07 2010	May 17 2011
Feb 21 2008	Oct. 13 2009	Nov. 09 2010	May 25 2011
Feb 22 2008	Oct. 19 2009	Nov. 19 2010	Jun 04 2011
Feb 23 2008	Nov. 20 2009	Nov. 20 2010	Jun 28 2011
Feb 24 2008	Dec. 07 2009	Nov. 21 2010	Oct 03 2011
Mar 15 2008	Dec. 10 2009	Nov. 22 2010	Oct 04 2011
Mar. 28 2008	Dec. 11 2009	Nov. 23 2010	Oct 05 2011
Apr. 02 2008	Dec. 12 2009	Nov. 27 2010	Nov 04 2011
Apr. 22 2008	Dec. 13 2009	Dec. 05 2010	Nov 05 2011
Apr. 23 2008	Dec. 26 2009	Dec. 08 2010	Nov 11 2011
Oct. 03 2008	Dec. 27 2009	Dec. 14 2010	Nov 19 2011
Oct. 04 2008	Dec. 29 2009	Dec. 16 2010	Nov 20 2011
Oct. 30 2008	Dec. 30 2009	Dec. 17 2010	Nov 20 2011
Oct. 31 2008	Jan. 12 2010	Dec. 18 2010	Nov 20 2011
Nov. 01 2008	Jan. 13 2010	Dec. 19 2010	Dec 15 2011
Nov. 02 2008	Jan. 17 2010	Dec. 20 2010	Jan 19 2012
Nov. 03 2008	Jan. 18 2010	Dec. 21 2010	Jan 20 2012
Nov. 26 2008	Jan. 19 2010	Dec. 22 2010	Jan 21 2012
Dec. 14 2008	Jan. 20 2010	Dec. 25 2010	Jan 22 2012
Dec. 15 2008	Jan. 21 2010	Dec. 28 2010	Jan 23 2012
Dec. 16 2008	Jan. 22 2010	Dec. 29 2010	Jan 24 2012
Dec. 19 2008	Jan. 23 2010	Jan. 01 2011	Jan 25 2012
Dec. 21 2008	Jan. 25 2010	Jan. 02 2011	Feb 13 2012

* Dates gathered from publicly available rain and weather data collected at stations located near the Facility.

ATTACHMENT A

**Notice of Intent to File Suit, Big Creek Lumber (7 miles north of Davenport, CA)
Significant Rain Events,* April 18, 2007 – April 18, 2012**

Feb	29	2012
Mar	01	2012
Mar	13	2012
Mar	14	2012
Mar	15	2012
Mar	16	2012
Mar	17	2012
Mar	18	2012
Mar	24	2012
Mar	27	2012
Mar	31	2012
Apr	10	2012
Apr	11	2012
Apr	12	2012
Apr	13	2012

* Dates gathered from publicly available rain and weather data collected at stations located near the Facility.

EXHIBIT C

Parameter	Value
pH	6.0 – 9.0 s.u.
Specific Conductivity	200 µmhos/cm
Total Suspended Solids	100 mg/L
Oil & Grease	15 mg/L
Zinc, Total	0.117 mg/L
Chemical Oxygen Demand, Total	120 mg/L
Aluminum, Total	0.75 mg/L
Iron, Total	1.0 mg/L
Copper, Total	0.0636 mg/L